used if approved by the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office, Rotorcraft Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office.

Note: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Rotorcraft Certification Office.

(c) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with 14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate the helicopter to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(d) This amendment becomes effective on September 28, 2000.

Henry A. Armstrong,
Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 00–23208 Filed 9–12–00; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Export Administration

15 CFR Parts 738, 742, 746, and 774

[Docket No. 000822242–0242–01]

RIN 0694–AC31

Crime Control Items: Revisions to the Commerce Control List

AGENCY: Bureau of Export Administration, Commerce

ACTION: Interim rule.

SUMMARY: In support of U.S. foreign policy to promote the observance of human rights throughout the world, the Bureau of Export Administration maintains controls on crime control items. This rule expands controls on restraint devices, such as handcuffs, and on discharge type arms, such as stun guns or shock batons.

DATES: Effective Date: This rule is effective September 13, 2000.

Comments: Written comments must be received no later than October 13, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to Hillary Hess, Regulatory Policy Division, Bureau of Export Administration, Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 273, Washington, DC 20044.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
James A. Lewis, Director, Office of Strategic Trade, at (202) 482–0092.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background
The Bureau of Export Administration maintains the Commerce Control List (CCL), which contains items classified under Export Control Classification Numbers (ECCNs). This rule removes saps and police helmets and shields from ECCN 0A982, placing saps in new ECCN 0A978 and police helmets and shields in new ECCN 0A979. Distinguishing between restraint devices and other police equipment will result in more transparent licensing statistics on items controlled for crime control reasons. This rule also removes fingerprinting powders, dyes, and inks from ECCN 1A984 and places them in new ECCN 1A985, which improves the grouping of these items on the CCL.

This rule then expands controls on restraint devices and on discharge type arms controlled under ECCNs 0A982 and 0A985, respectively, requiring a license for all destinations, except Canada, and imposes controls on technology for the development or production of those items under new ECCN 0E982. In addition, this rule modifies the license review policy to include consideration of whether there is civil disorder in the country or region or whether there is evidence that the government of the importing country may have violated internationally recognized human rights. The judicious use of export controls is intended to deter the development of a consistent pattern of human rights abuses, distance the United States from such abuses and avoid contributing to civil disorder in a country or region.

BXA is revising § 742.7 to reflect the changes to crime control items on the CCL, and is making conforming changes to part 746 (Embargoes and Special Controls).

This action is taken consistent with the provisions of the Export Administration Act (EAA) and with the concurrence of the Secretary of State. BXA submitted a foreign policy report to the Congress indicating the expansion and imposition of new foreign policy controls on August 22, 2000.

Although the Export Administration Act (EAA) expired on August 20, 1994, the President invoked the International Emergency Economic Powers Act and continued in effect the EAA, and, to the extent permitted by law, the provisions of the EAA in Executive Order 12924 of August 19, 1994, as extended by the President’s notices of August 15, 1995 (60 FR 42767), August 14, 1996 (61 FR 42527), August 13, 1997 (62 FR 43629), August 13, 1998 (63 FR 44121), August 10, 1999 (64 FR 44101) and August 3, 2000 (65 FR 48347).

Saving Clause
Shipments of items removed from eligibility for export or reexport under the designator NLR, as a result of this regulatory action, may continue to be exported or reexported under that designator until October 13, 2000. In addition, this rule revises the numbering and structure of certain entries on the Commerce Control List. For items under such entries and for October 13, 2000, BXA will accept license applications for items described either by the entries in effect immediately before September 13, 2000 or the entries described in this rule.

Rulemaking Requirements

1. This interim rule has been determined to be significant for purposes of Executive Order 12866.

2. This rule involves a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.). These collections have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0994–0065, “Multi-Purpose Application,” which carries a burden hour estimate of 40 minutes to prepare and submit electronically and 45 minutes to submit manually on form BXA–748P.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

3. This rule does not contain policies with Federalism implications sufficient to warrant preparation of a Federalism assessment under Executive Order 13132.

4. The provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, the opportunity for public participation, and a delay in effective date, are inapplicable because this regulation involves a military and foreign affairs function of the United States.

5. No other law requires that a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public comment be given for this interim rule. Because a notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public comment are not required to be given for this rule under 5 U.S.C. or by any other law, the analytical requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) are not applicable.

However, because of the importance of the issues raised by these regulations, this rule is issued in interim form and comments will be considered in the development of final regulations. Accordingly, the Department...
encourages interested persons who wish to comment to do so at the earliest possible time to permit the fullest consideration of their views.

The period for submission of comments will close October 13, 2000. The Department will consider all comments received before the close of the comment period in developing final regulations. Comments received after the end of the comment period will be considered if possible, but their consideration cannot be assured. The Department will not accept public comments accompanied by a request that a part or all of the material be treated confidentially because of its business propriety nature or for any other reason. The Department will return such comments and materials to the person submitting the comments and will not consider them in the development of final regulations. All public comments on these regulations will be a matter of public record and will be available for public inspection and copying. In the interest of accuracy and completeness, the Department requires comments in written form.

Oral comments must be followed by written memoranda, which will also be a matter of public record and will be available for public review and copying. Communications from agencies of the United States Government or foreign governments will not be made available for public inspection.

Copies of the public record concerning these regulations may be requested from: Bureau of Export Administration, Office of Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Room 6883, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; (202) 482-0637. This component does not maintain a separate public inspection facility. Requesters should first view BXA’s website (which can be reached through http://www.bxa.doc.gov). If requesters cannot access BXA’s website, please call the number above for assistance.

List of Subjects

15 CFR Parts 738, 742 and 774
Exports, Foreign trade.

15 CFR Part 746
Embargoes, Exports, Foreign trade, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Accordingly, parts 738, 742, 746, and 774 of the Export Administration Regulations (15 CFR parts 730 through 799) are amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for part 738 is revised to read as follows:


2. The authority citation for part 742 is revised to read as follows:


3. The authority citation for part 746 is revised to read as follows:


4. The authority citation for part 774 is revised to read as follows:


§ 742.7 [AMENDED]

5. Section 742.7 is amended by revising the phrase “ECCNs 0A988, 0A989, 0A999, 0B986, 0B999, 0D999, 1A999, 1B999, 1C355, 1C995, 1C998, 1C999, 1D999, 2A994, 2A999, 2B999, 2D994, 2E994, 3A999, and 6A999” in paragraph (a)[2][i] to read “ECCNs 0A982, 0A985, 0A988, 0A989, 0A999, 0B986, 0B999, 0D999, 0E982, 1A999, 1B999, 1C355, 1C995, 1C998, 1C999, 1D999, 2A994, 2A999, 2B999, 2D994, 2E994, 3A999, and 6A999”.

PART 742—[AMENDED]

6. Section 742.7 is revised to read as follows:
may have violated internationally recognized human rights. The judicious use of export controls is intended to deter the development of a consistent pattern of human rights abuses, distance the United States from such abuses and avoid contributing to civil disorder in a country or region.

(c) Contract sanctity. Contract sanctity date: August 22, 2000. Contract sanctity applies only to items controlled under ECCNs 0A982, 0A985 and 0E982 destined for countries not listed in CC Column 1 of the Country Chart (Supplement No. 1 to part 738 of the EAR).

(d) U.S. controls. Although the United States seeks cooperation from like-minded countries in maintaining controls on crime control and detection items, at this time these controls are maintained only by the United States.

PART 746—[AMENDED]

7. Section 746.8 is amended by revising paragraph (b)(1)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 746.8 Rwanda.

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<tr>
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<th>Reason for Control:</th>
<th>License Requirements</th>
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<td>CC applies to entire</td>
<td>Country Chart</td>
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<td>CC Column 1 entry.</td>
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8. Section 746.9 is amended by revising paragraph (b)(1)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 746.9 Serbia, Kosovo, and Montenegro.

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<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>List of Items Controlled</th>
<th>Reason for Control:</th>
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<td>CC Column 1 entry.</td>
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PART 774—[AMENDED]

9. In Supplement No. 1 to part 774 (the Commerce Control List), Category 0—Nuclear Materials, Facilities & Equipment and Miscellaneous, new ECCNs 0A978, 0A979, and 0E982 are added, and ECCNs 0A982 and 0A985 are revised to read as follows:

0A978 Saps. License Requirements

Reason for Control: CC

Control(s) Country Chart

CC applies to entire CC Column 1 entry.

License Exceptions

LV5: N/A
GB5: N/A
CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: $ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A

0A982 Restraint devices, including handcuffs, leg irons, shackles, and handcuffs; straight jackets, plastic handcuffs; and parts and accessories, n.e.s.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: CC

Control(s) Country Chart

CC applies to entire CC Column 1 entry.

License Exceptions

LV5: N/A
GB5: N/A
CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: $ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A

0A985 Discharge type arms (for example, stun guns, shock batons, electric cattle prods, immobilization guns and projectiles) except equipment used exclusively to treat or tranquilize animals, and except arms designed solely for signal, flare, or saluting use; and parts, n.e.s.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: CC, UN Control(s)

CC applies to entire entry. A license is required for ALL destinations, except Canada, regardless of end-use. Accordingly, a column specific to this control does not appear on the Commerce Country Chart. (See part 742 of the EAR for additional information.)

UN applies Rwanda; Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro).

License Exceptions

LV5: N/A
GB5: N/A
CIV: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: $ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A

0E982 “Technology” exclusively for the “development” or “production” of equipment controlled by 0A982 or 0A985.

License Requirements

Reason for Control: CC Control(s)

CC applies to “technology” for items controlled by 0A982 or 0A985. A license is required for ALL destinations, except Canada, regardless of end-use. Accordingly, a column specific to this control does not appear on the Commerce Country Chart. (See part 742 of the EAR for additional information.)

License Exceptions

CIV: N/A
TSR: N/A

List of Items Controlled

Unit: $ value
Related Controls: N/A
Related Definitions: N/A
1. Scope of the Rule

The Commission has several rules laying down procedures for requesting confidential treatment of records submitted to it. The present amendments affect only Rule 83, which sets forth procedures for requesting confidential treatment of records submitted to the Commission where no other statute or Commission rule provides procedures for requesting confidential treatment for particular categories of information or where the Commission has not specified that an alternative procedure be used in connection with a particular study, report, investigation, or other matter. The scope of Rule 83 is expressly stated in the current version of the rule and that scope remains unchanged.

II. Discussion

A. Confidential Treatment Rule 83

On April 14, 1999, the Commission proposed to amend Rule 83, which sets forth the procedures for requesting confidential treatment of records submitted to the Commission when no other procedures apply. It also proposed to amend Rule 80, which sets forth the procedures for requesting Commission records under the FOIA. Moreover, it proposed to amend some of its Privacy Act rules, which set forth the procedures for requesting, amending, or correcting Commission records about individuals. The amendments would make substantive and procedural changes to conform the rules to current statutory and case law and Commission practice. Other changes would correct clerical errors.

The Commission received eight comment letters. Commenters generally supported the proposals, but opposed the five-year expiration period for confidential treatment requests as being unduly burdensome. Two suggested changing the period to 10 years. The Commission is adopting the proposed amendments with certain modifications of the proposed Rule 83 amendments that address some concerns of commenters.

* * * * *


R. Roger Majak,
Assistant Secretary for Export Administration.

[FR Doc. 00-23481 Filed 9-12-00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-33-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

17 CFR Part 200

[Release Nos. 34-43239; FOIA–191; PA–30; File No. S7-14-99]

RIN 3235-AH71

Amendments to the Commission’s Freedom of Information and Privacy Act Rules and Confidential Treatment Rule 83

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Commission is amending its procedures for requesting confidential treatment of records submitted to the Commission when no other procedures are applicable. It is also amending its procedures for requesting information under the Freedom of Information Act and for requesting, amending, or correcting records about individuals under the Privacy Act of 1974. These amendments, which conform the procedures to current statutory and case law and administrative practice and correct clerical errors, reflect staff and public comments on proposed amendments that were announced on April 14, 1999.


I. Background

On April 14, 1999, the Commission proposed to amend Rule 83, which sets forth the procedures for requesting confidential treatment of records submitted to the Commission when no other procedures apply. It also proposed to amend Rule 80, which sets forth the procedures for requesting Commission records under the FOIA. Moreover, it proposed to amend some of its Privacy Act rules, which set forth the procedures for requesting, amending, or correcting Commission records about individuals. The amendments would make substantive and procedural changes to conform the rules to current statutory and case law and Commission practice. Other changes would correct clerical errors.

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2. Identifying Number and Code

The current version of Rule 83 generally requires all records which...