

SPONSOR: Rep. Griffith & Rep. Baumbach & Rep. Dorsey Walker &

Rep. Harris & Rep. K. Johnson & Rep. Lambert & Rep. Longhurst & Rep. Neal & Rep. Phillips &

Rep. Romer & Rep. Bush & Sen. Townsend & Sen. Gay

& Sen. Hansen

Reps. Briggs King, Chukwuocha, Heffernan, Minor-Brown, Morrison, Osienski, Parker Selby, K. Williams;

Sens. Hoffner, S. McBride, Sokola, Sturgeon

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES 152nd GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE BILL NO. 154
AS AMENDED BY
HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. 1
AND
HOUSE AMENDMENT NO. 4
AND
SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1

AN ACT TO AMEND TITLE 6 OF THE DELAWARE CODE RELATING TO PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY AND CONSUMER PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE:

Section 1. Amend Title 6 of the Delaware Code by making deletions as shown by strike through and insertions as shown by underline as follows:

Chapter 12D. Delaware Personal Data Privacy Act.

§ 12D-101. Short title.

This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Delaware Personal Data Privacy Act."

§ 12D-102. Definitions.

For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that shares common branding with another legal entity or controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another legal entity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "control" or "controlled" means any of the following:

- a. Ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50% of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a legal entity.
- b. Control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions.
 - c. The power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a legal entity.

Page 1 of 20 HD: NSW: MAW: 2141520118 Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM (2) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise any of the rights afforded under paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subsection (a) of § 12D-104 of this chapter is being made by, or on

behalf of, the consumer who is entitled to exercise such consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

(3) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's unique biological

characteristics, such as a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises, or other unique biological patterns or

characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual. "Biometric data" does not include any of the following:

a. A digital or physical photograph.

b. An audio or video recording.

c. Any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video recording, unless such

data is generated to identify a specific individual.

(4) "Business associate" means as defined in HIPAA.

(5) "Child" means as defined in COPPA.

(6) "Child abuse" means, with respect to an individual under 18 years of age, as defined in § 901(a) of Title

10, or any equivalent provision in the laws of any other state, the United States, any territory, district, or subdivision of

the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction.

(7) "Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer's freely given, specific, informed and

unambiguous agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to the consumer. "Consent" may include a

written statement, including by electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative action. "Consent" does not

include any of the following:

a. Acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or similar document that contains descriptions of

personal data processing along with other, unrelated information.

b. Hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing a given piece of content.

c. Agreement obtained through the use of dark patterns.

(8) "Consumer" means an individual who is a resident of this State. "Consumer" does not include an

individual acting in a commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner, director, officer, or contractor of a

company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit organization, or government agency whose communications or

transactions with the controller occur solely within the context of that individual's role with the company, partnership,

sole proprietorship, nonprofit organization, or government agency.

(9) "Controller" means a person that, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of

processing personal data.

(10) "COPPA" means the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998, 15 U.S.C. § 6501, et seq., and the regulations, rules, guidance, and exemptions adopted pursuant to said act, as said act and such regulations, rules,

guidance, and exemptions may be amended.

(11) "Covered entity" means as defined in HIPAA.

(12) "Dark pattern" means any of the following:

a. A user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial effect of subverting or impairing user

autonomy, decision-making, or choice.

b. Any other practice the Federal Trade Commission refers to as a dark pattern.

(13) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer" means decisions

made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller of financial or lending services, housing,

insurance, education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or

access to essential goods or services.

(14) "De-identified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise

be linked to, an identified or identifiable individual, or a device linked to such individual, if the controller that

possesses such data does all of the following:

a. Takes reasonable measures to ensure that such data cannot be associated with an individual.

b. Publicly commits to process such data only in a de-identified fashion and not attempt to re-identify

such data.

c. Contractually obligates any recipients of such data to comply with all of the provisions of this chapter

applicable to the controller with respect to such data.

(15) "Domestic violence" means as defined in § 1041 of Title 10, or any equivalent provision in the laws of

any other state, the United States, any territory, district, or subdivision of the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction.

(16) "Genetic data" means any data, regardless of its format, that results from the analysis of a biological

sample of an individual, or from another source enabling equivalent information to be obtained, and concerns genetic

material. For purposes of this paragraph, "genetic material" includes deoxyribonucleic acids (DNA), ribonucleic acids

(RNA), genes, chromosomes, alleles, genomes, alterations or modifications to DNA or RNA, single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs), uninterpreted data that results from analysis of the biological sample or other source, and any

information extrapolated, derived, or inferred therefrom.

(17) "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d, et

seq., as amended.

(18) "Human trafficking" means the offense defined in § 787 of Title 11, or any equivalent provision in the

laws of any other state, the United States, any territory, district, or subdivision of the United States, or any foreign

jurisdiction.

(19) "Identified or identifiable individual" means an individual who can be readily identified, directly or

indirectly.

(20) "Nonprofit organization" means any organization that is exempt from taxation under §§ 501(c)(3),

501(c)(4), 501(c)(6) or 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal

revenue code of the United States, as amended.

(21) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or

identifiable individual, and does not include de-identified data or publicly available information.

(22) "Precise geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including global positioning

system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that directly identifies the specific location of an

individual with precision and accuracy within a radius of 1,750 feet. "Precise geolocation data" does not include the

content of communications or any data generated by or connected to advanced utility metering infrastructure systems

or equipment for use by a utility.

(23) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or

automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis,

deletion, or modification of personal data.

(24) "Processor" means a person that processes personal data on behalf of a controller.

(25) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or

predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable individual's economic situation, health, demographic

characteristics, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

(26) "Protected health information" means as defined in HIPAA.

(27) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific individual without the

use of additional information, provided such additional information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate

technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is not attributed to an identified or identifiable

individual.

(28) "Publicly available information" means any of the following:

a. Information that is lawfully made available through federal, state, or local government records.

Page 4 of 20

b. Information that a controller has a reasonable basis to believe that the consumer has lawfully made

available to the general public through widely distributed media.

(29) "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other valuable consideration

by the controller to a third party. "Sale of personal data" does not include any of the following:

a. The disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data on behalf of the

controller where limited to the purpose of such processing.

b. The disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service

affirmatively requested by the consumer.

c. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller.

d. The disclosure of personal data where the consumer directs the controller to disclose the personal data

or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third party.

e. The disclosure of personal data that the consumer intentionally made available to the general public via

a channel of mass media, and did not restrict to a specific audience.

f. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a merger,

acquisition, bankruptcy, or other similar transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the

controller's assets, or a proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other similar transaction in which the third

party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets.

(30) "Sensitive data" means personal data that includes any of the following:

a. Data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health condition or diagnosis

(including pregnancy), sex life, sexual orientation, status as transgender or nonbinary, citizenship status, or

immigration status.

b. Genetic or biometric data.

c. Personal data of a known child.

d. Precise geolocation data.

(31) "Sexual assault" means any of the offenses defined in §§ 768–780 and § 787 of Title 11, or any

equivalent provision in the laws of any other state, the United States, any territory, district, or subdivision of the United

States, or any foreign jurisdiction.

(32) "Stalking" means the offense defined in § 1312 of Title 11, or any equivalent provision in the laws of any

other state, the United States, any territory, district, or subdivision of the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction.

- (33) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from that consumer's activities over time and across nonaffiliated Internet web sites or online applications to predict such consumer's preferences or interests. "Targeted advertising" does not include any of the following:
 - a. Advertisements based on activities within a controller's own Internet web sites or online applications.
 - b. Advertisements based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to an Internet web site, or online application.
 - c. Advertisements directed to a consumer in direct response to the consumer's request for information or feedback.
 - d. Processing personal data solely to measure or report advertising frequency, performance, or reach.
- (34) "Third party" means, with respect to personal data controlled by a controller, any person other than the relevant consumer, the controller of such personal data, or a processor or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.
 - (35) "Trade secret" means as defined in § 2001(4) of Chapter 20 of this title.
- (36) "Violent felony" means as defined in § 4201 of Title 11 and includes any equivalent provision in the laws of any other state, the United States, and territory, district, or subdivision of the United States, or any foreign jurisdiction.
 - § 12D-103. Applicability of chapter.
- (a) This chapter applies to persons that conduct business in the State or persons that produce products or services that are targeted to residents of the State and that during the preceding calendar year did any of the following:
 - (1) Controlled or processed the personal data of not less than 35,000 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction.
 - (2) Controlled or processed the personal data of not less than 10,000 consumers and derived more than 20 percent of their gross revenue from the sale of personal data.
 - (b) This chapter does not apply to any of the following entities:
 - (1) Any regulatory, administrative, advisory, executive, appointive, legislative, or judicial body of the State or a political subdivision of the State, including any board, bureau, commission, agency of the State or a political subdivision of the State, but excluding any institution of higher education.
 - (2) Any financial institution or affiliate of a financial institution, all as defined in 15 U.S.C. 6809, to the extent that the financial institution or affiliate is subject to Title V of the Gramm Leach Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. § 6801, et seq., as amended) and the rules and implementing regulations promulgated thereunder.

Page 6 of 20

Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

HD: NSW: MAW: 2141520118 LC: HVW: CBM: 5081520081 (3) Any nonprofit organization dedicated exclusively to preventing and addressing insurance crime.

(3) A national securities association registered pursuant to § 15A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15

U.S.C. § 78a, et seq., as amended) and the rules and implementing regulations promulgated thereunder, or a registered

futures association so designated pursuant to § 17 of the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. § 1, et seq., as amended)

and the rules and implementing regulations promulgated thereunder.

(c) This chapter does not apply to the following information and data:

(1) Protected health information under HIPAA.

(2) Patient-identifying information for purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2.

(3) Identifiable private information, as defined in 45 CFR § 46.102, to the extent that it is used for purposes of

the federal policy for the protection of human subjects pursuant to 45 C.F.R. 46.

(4) Identifiable private information to the extent it is collected and used as part of human subjects research

pursuant to the ICH E6 Good Clinical Practice Guideline issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of

Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use or the protection of human subjects under 21 CFR 50 and

<u>56.</u>

(5) Patient safety work product, as defined in 42 CFR 3.20, that is created and used for purposes of patient

safety improvement pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 3, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 299b–21 to 299b–26.

(6) Information to the extent it is used for public health, community health, or population health activities and

purposes, as authorized by HIPAA, when provided by or to a Covered Entity or when provided by or to a Business

Associate pursuant to a Business Associate Agreement with a Covered Entity.

(7) The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal information bearing

on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal

characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency, furnisher, or user that provides information for use

in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer report, but only to the extent that such activity is regulated by and

authorized under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq., as amended).

(8) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in compliance with the Driver's Privacy Protection

Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. § 2721, et seq., as amended.

(9) Personal data regulated by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, et seq., as

amended.

(10) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in compliance with the Farm Credit Act, 12 U.S.C.

§ 2001, et seq., as amended.

(11) Data processed or maintained in any of the following ways:

a. In the course of an individual applying to, employed by, or acting as an agent or independent contractor

of a controller, processor, or third party, to the extent that the data is collected and used within the context of that

role.

b. As the emergency contact information of an individual, used for emergency contact purposes.

c. Necessary to retain to administer benefits for another individual relating to the individual who is the

subject of the information under paragraph (11)a. of this subsection and used for the purposes of administering

such benefits.

(12) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in relation to price, route, or service, as such terms

are used in the Airline Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. § 40101, et seq., as amended, by an air carrier subject to said act, to

the extent any part of this chapter is preempted by the Airline Deregulation Act, 49 U.S.C. § 41713, as amended.

(13) Personal data of a victim of or witness to child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual

assault, violent felony, or stalking that is collected, processed, or maintained by a nonprofit organization that provides

services to victims of or witnesses to child abuse, domestic violence, human trafficking, sexual assault, violent felony,

or stalking.

(14) Data subject to Title V of the Gramm Leach Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. § 6801, et. seq., as amended) and the

rules and implementing regulations promulgated thereunder.

(d) Controllers and processors that comply with the verifiable parental consent requirements of COPPA shall be

deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent set forth in this chapter with respect to a consumer who is

a child.

§ 12D-104. Consumer personal data rights.

(a) A consumer has the right to do all of the following:

(1) Confirm whether a controller is processing the consumer's personal data and access such personal data,

unless such confirmation or access would require the controller to reveal a trade secret.

(2) Correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal data, taking into account the nature of the personal data

and the purposes of the processing of the consumer's personal data.

(3) Delete personal data provided by, or obtained about, the consumer.

(4) Obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data processed by the controller, in a portable and, to the extent

technically feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another controller without

Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means, provided such controller shall not be required to

reveal any trade secret.

(5) Obtain a list of the categories of third parties to which the controller has disclosed the consumer's personal

data.

(6) Opt out of the processing of the personal data for purposes of any of the following:

a. Targeted advertising.

b. The sale of personal data, except as provided in subsection (b) of § 12D-106 of this chapter.

c. Profiling in furtherance of solely automated decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects

concerning the consumer.

(b) A consumer may exercise rights under this section by a secure and reliable means established by the controller

and described to the consumer in the controller's privacy notice. A consumer may designate an authorized agent in

accordance with § 12D-105 of this chapter to exercise the rights of such consumer to opt out of the processing of such

consumer's personal data for purposes of paragraph (a)(5) of this section on behalf of the consumer. In the case of

processing personal data of a known child, the parent or legal guardian may exercise such consumer rights on the child's

behalf. In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer subject to a guardianship, conservatorship or other

protective arrangement, the guardian or the conservator of the consumer may exercise such rights on the consumer's behalf.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a controller shall comply with a request by a consumer to exercise

the consumer rights authorized pursuant to said sections as follows:

(1) A controller shall respond to the consumer without undue delay, but not later than 45 days after receipt of

the request. The controller may extend the response period by 45 additional days when reasonably necessary,

considering the complexity and number of the consumer's requests, provided the controller informs the consumer of

any such extension within the initial 45-day response period and of the reason for the extension.

(2) If a controller declines to take action regarding the consumer's request, the controller shall inform the

consumer without undue delay, but not later than 45 days after receipt of the request, of the justification for declining

to take action and instructions for how to appeal the decision.

(3) Information provided in response to a consumer request shall be provided by a controller, free of charge,

once per consumer during any 12-month period. If requests from a consumer are manifestly unfounded, excessive or

repetitive, the controller may charge the consumer a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with

the request or decline to act on the request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating the manifestly unfounded,

excessive or repetitive nature of the request.

Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

(4) If a controller is unable to authenticate a request to exercise any of the rights afforded under paragraphs (1)

through (5), inclusive, of subsection (a) of this section using commercially reasonable efforts, the controller shall not

be required to comply with a request to initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall provide notice to the

consumer that the controller is unable to authenticate the request to exercise such right or rights until such consumer

provides additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate such consumer and such consumer's request to

exercise such right or rights. A controller shall not be required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may

deny an opt-out request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that such request is

fraudulent. If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller believes such request is fraudulent, the

controller shall send a notice to the person who made such request disclosing that such controller believes such request

is fraudulent, why such controller believes such request is fraudulent, and that such controller shall not comply with

such request.

(5) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other than the consumer shall

be deemed in compliance with a consumer's request to delete such data pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of

this section if the controller retains a record of the deletion request and the minimum data necessary for the purpose of

ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the controller's records and does not use such retained

data for any other purpose.

(d) A controller shall establish a process for a consumer to appeal the controller's refusal to take action on a

request within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt of the decision. The appeal process shall be

conspicuously available and similar to the process for submitting requests to initiate action pursuant to this section. Not

later than 60 days after receipt of an appeal, a controller shall inform the consumer in writing of any action taken or not

taken in response to the appeal, including a written explanation of the reasons for the decisions. If the appeal is denied, the

controller shall also provide the consumer with an online mechanism, if available, or other method through which the

consumer may contact the Department of Justice to submit a complaint.

§ 12D-105. Designation of agent to exercise rights of consumer, including through universal opt-out mechanisms.

(a) A consumer may designate an authorized agent to act on the consumer's behalf to opt out of the processing of

such consumer's personal data for one or more of the purposes specified in paragraph (a)(5) of § 12D-104 of this chapter.

The consumer may designate such authorized agent by way of, among other things, a platform, technology, or mechanism,

including an Internet link or a browser setting, browser extension, or global device setting, indicating such consumer's

intent to opt out of such processing. For the purposes of such designation, the platform, technology, or mechanism may

function as the agent for purposes of conveying the consumer's decision to opt-out.

(b) A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received from an authorized agent if the controller is able to

verify, with commercially reasonable effort, the identity of the consumer and the authorized agent's authority to act on such

consumer's behalf. The Department of Justice may publish or reference on its website a list of agents who presumptively

shall have such authority unless the controller has established a reasonable basis to conclude that the agent lacks such

authority.

§ 12D-106. Duties of controllers.

(a) A controller shall do all of the following:

(1) Limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to

the purposes for which such data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer.

(2) Except as otherwise permitted by this chapter, not process personal data for purposes that are neither

reasonably necessary to, nor compatible with, the disclosed purposes for which such personal data is processed, as

disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the consumer's consent.

(3) Establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security

practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal data appropriate to the volume and nature

of the personal data at issue.

(4) Not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the

case of the processing of sensitive data concerning a known child, without first obtaining consent from the child's

parent or lawful guardian and otherwise complying with § 1204C of Chapter 12C of this title.

(5) Not process personal data in violation of the laws of this State and federal laws that prohibit unlawful

discrimination.

(6) Provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to revoke the consumer's consent under this section that is

at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consumer provided the consumer's consent and, upon revocation of

such consent, cease to process the data as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 days after the receipt of such

request.

(7) Not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, or sell the consumer's

personal data without the consumer's consent, under circumstances where a controller has actual knowledge or

willfully disregards that the consumer is at least thirteen years of age but younger than 18 years of age.

(8) Not discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the consumer rights contained in this chapter,

including denying goods or services, charging different prices or rates for goods or services, or providing a different

level of quality of goods or services to the consumer.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be construed to require a controller to provide a product or service that requires the personal data of a consumer which the controller does not collect or maintain, or prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a bona

fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program.

(c) A controller shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes all of the following:

(1) The categories of personal data processed by the controller.

(2) The purpose for processing personal data.

(3) How consumers may exercise their consumer rights, including how a consumer may appeal a controller's decision with regard to the consumer's request.

(4) The categories of personal data that the controller shares with third parties, if any.

(5) The categories of third parties with which the controller shares personal data, if any.

(6) An active electronic mail address or other online mechanism that the consumer may use to contact the

controller.

(d) If a controller sells personal data to third parties or processes personal data for targeted advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the manner in which a consumer may

exercise the right to opt out of such processing.

(e)(1) A controller shall establish, and shall describe in the privacy notice required by subsection (c) of this

section, one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to submit a request to exercise their consumer rights pursuant

to this chapter. Such means shall take into account the ways in which consumers normally interact with the controller, the

need for secure and reliable communication of such requests, and the ability of the controller to verify the identity of the

consumer making the request. A controller shall not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise

consumer rights, but may require a consumer or the consumer's authorized agent to use an existing account. Any such

means shall include all of the following:

a.1. Providing a clear and conspicuous link on the controller's Internet web site to an Internet web page

that enables a consumer, or an agent of the consumer, to opt out of the targeted advertising or the sale of the

consumer's personal data.

2. Not later than [one year following the effective date of this Act], allowing a consumer to opt out of

any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such

personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent, with such consumer's consent, by a platform, technology, or mechanism to the controller indicating such consumer's intent to opt out of any such processing or sale. Such platform, technology, or mechanism shall do all of the following:

A. Not unfairly disadvantage another controller.

B. Not make use of a default setting, but, rather, require the consumer to make an affirmative, freely given, and unambiguous choice to opt out of any processing of such consumer's personal data pursuant to this chapter.

C. Be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer.

D. Be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology, or mechanism required by any federal or state law or regulation.

E. Enable the controller to reasonably determine whether the consumer is a resident of the State and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt out of any sale of such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising.

b. If a consumer's decision to opt out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising, or any sale of such personal data, through an opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (1)a. of this subsection conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts or club card program, the controller shall comply with such consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify such consumer of such conflict and provide to such consumer the choice to confirm such controller-specific privacy setting or participation in such program.

(2) If a controller responds to consumer opt-out requests received pursuant to paragraph (1)a. of this subsection by informing the consumer of a charge for the use of any product or service, the controller shall present the terms of any financial incentive offered pursuant to paragraph (1)b. of this subsection for the retention, use, sale, or sharing of the consumer's personal data.

§ 12D-107. Duties of processors.

(a) A processor shall adhere to the instructions of a controller and shall assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations under this chapter. Such assistance must include all of the following:

(1) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the processor, by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as is reasonably practicable, to fulfill the controller's obligation to respond to consumer rights requests.

LC : HVW : CBM : 5081520081

(2) Taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the processor, by assisting the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in relation to the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of a breach of security, as defined in § 12B-101(1) of Chapter 12B of this title, of the system of the processor, in order to meet the controller's obligations.

(3) Providing necessary information to enable the controller to conduct and document data protection assessments.

(b) A contract between a controller and a processor must govern the processor's data processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The contract must be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature and purpose of processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing and the rights and obligations of both parties. The contract must also require that the processor to do all of the following:

(1) Ensure that each person processing personal data is subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the data.

(2) At the controller's direction, delete or return all personal data to the controller as requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the personal data is required by law.

(3) Upon the reasonable request of the controller, make available to the controller all information in its possession necessary to demonstrate the processor's compliance with the obligations in this chapter.

(4) After providing the controller an opportunity to object, engage any subcontractor pursuant to a written contract that requires the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the personal data.

(5) Allow, and cooperate with, reasonable assessments by the controller or the controller's designated assessor, or the processor may arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to conduct an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational measures in support of the obligations under this chapter, using an appropriate and accepted control standard or framework and assessment procedure for such assessments. The processor shall provide a report of such assessment to the controller upon request.

(c) Nothing in this section may be construed to relieve a controller or processor from the liabilities imposed on the controller or processor by virtue of such controller's or processor's role in the processing relationship, as described in this chapter.

(d) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in which personal data is to be processed. A person who is not limited in such person's processing of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or who fails to adhere to such instructions, is a controller and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data. A processor that continues to

HD: NSW: MAW: 2141520118 Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

LC: HVW: CBM: 5081520081

adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific processing of personal data remains a processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with others, determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal data, the processor is

a controller with respect to such processing and may be subject to an enforcement action under this chapter.

§ 12D-108. Data protection assessments.

(a) A controller that controls or processes the data of not less than 100,000 consumers, excluding data controlled

or processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment transaction, shall conduct and document, on a regular basis, a

data protection assessment for each of the controller's processing activities that presents a heightened risk of harm to a

consumer. For the purposes of this section, processing that presents a heightened risk of harm to a consumer includes any of

the following:

(1) The processing of personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising.

(2) The sale of personal data.

(3) The processing of personal data for the purposes of profiling, where such profiling presents a reasonably

foreseeable risk of any of the following:

a. Unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, consumers.

b. Financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers.

c. A physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of

consumers, where such intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person.

d. Other substantial injury to consumers.

(4) The processing of sensitive data.

(b) Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall identify and weigh the

benefits that may flow, directly and indirectly, from the processing to the controller, the consumer, other stakeholders and

the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer associated with such processing, as mitigated by

safeguards that can be employed by the controller to reduce such risks. The controller shall factor into any such data

protection assessment the use of de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of

the processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will be processed.

(c) The Attorney General may require that a controller disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant to

an investigation conducted by the Attorney General, and the controller shall make the data protection assessment available

to the Attorney General. The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the

responsibilities set forth in this chapter. Data protection assessments must be treated as confidential and are not public

records within the meaning of § 10002(o) of Chapter 100 of Title 29. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a controller's data

protection assessment may be used in an action to enforce this chapter. To the extent any information contained in a data

protection assessment disclosed to the Attorney General includes and conspicuously identifies information subject to

attorney-client privilege or work product protection, such disclosure by itself does not constitute a waiver of such privilege

or protection.

(d) A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing operations that include similar

activities.

(e) If a controller conducts a data protection assessment for the purpose of complying with another applicable law

or regulation, the data protection assessment shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements established in this section if such

data protection assessment is reasonably similar in scope and effect to the data protection assessment that would otherwise

be conducted pursuant to this section.

(f) Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or generated on or after

[six months following the effective date of this chapter] and are not retroactive.

§ 12D-109. De-identified data.

(a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require a controller or processor to re-identify de-identified data or

pseudonymous data, or to maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or technology, in

order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with personal data.

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require a controller or processor to comply with an authenticated

consumer rights request if all of the following apply:

(1) The controller is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal data or it would be

unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request with the personal data.

(2) The controller does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific consumer who is the

subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other personal data about the same specific consumer.

(3) The controller does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise voluntarily disclose the

personal data to any third party other than a processor, except as otherwise permitted in this section.

(c) The rights afforded under paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive, of subsection (a) of § 12D-104 of this chapter do not

apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate that any information necessary to identify

the consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller

from accessing such information.

(d) A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or de-identified data shall exercise reasonable oversight to

monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the pseudonymous data or de-identified data is subject and

shall take appropriate steps to address any breaches of those contractual commitments. The determination of the reasonableness of such oversight and the appropriateness of contractual enforcement must take into account whether the disclosed data includes data that would be sensitive data if it were re-identified.

§ 12D-110. Exclusions.

(a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict a controller's or processor's ability to do any of the following:

(1) Comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations.

(2) Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal, state, local, or other governmental authorities.

(3) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations.

(4) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims.

(5) Provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer.

(6) Perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty.

(7) Take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a contract.

(8) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical safety of the consumer or another individual, and where the processing cannot be manifestly based on another legal basis.

(9) Prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity, preserve the integrity or security of systems, or investigate, report or prosecute those responsible for any such activity.

(10) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific research in the public interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored, and governed by an institutional review board that determines whether the deletion of the information is likely to provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to the controller, the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks, and whether the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks associated with research, including any risks associated with re-identification.

(11) Assist another controller, processor, or third party with any of the activities under this subsection.

Page 17 of 20 HD: NSW: MAW: 2141520118 Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

LC : HVW : CBM : 5081520081

(b) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter, other than those imposed by § 12D-109 of this chapter, do not restrict a controller's or processor's ability to collect consumer data, or use or retain such data,

for internal use only, to do any of the following:

(1) Conduct internal research to develop, improve or repair products, services or technology.

(2) Effectuate a product recall.

(3) Identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or intended functionality.

(4) Perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the consumer or

 $\underline{reasonably} \ anticipated \ based \ on \ the \ consumer's \ existing \ relationship \ with \ the \ controller, \ or \ are \ otherwise \ compatible$

with processing data in furtherance of the provision of a product or service specifically requested by a consumer or the

performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party.

(c) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter shall not apply where compliance by

the controller or processor with said sections would violate an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this State. Nothing in

this chapter shall be construed to prevent a controller or processor from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a

person covered by an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this State as part of a privileged communication.

(d) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a processor or third-party controller in compliance with

this chapter shall not be deemed to have violated said sections if the processor or third-party controller that receives and

processes such personal data violates said sections, provided that (i) at the time the disclosing controller or processor

disclosed such personal data, the disclosing controller or processor did not have actual knowledge that the receiving

processor or third-party controller had violated or would violate said sections and (ii) the disclosing controller or processor

was, and remained, in compliance with its obligations as the discloser of such data hereunder. A third-party controller or

processor receiving personal data from a controller or processor in compliance with this chapter is likewise not in violation

of said sections for the independent misconduct of the controller or processor from which such third-party controller or

processor receives such personal data.

(e) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to do any of the following:

(1) Impose any obligation on a controller or processor that adversely affects the rights of any person to

freedom of speech or freedom of the press guaranteed in the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or § 5

of Article I of the Delaware Constitution of 1897.

(2) Apply to any person's processing of personal data in the course of such person's purely personal or

Released: 06/30/2023 03:57 PM

household activities.

(f) Personal data processed pursuant to this section may be processed to the extent that such processing is

reasonably necessary and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section, and is adequate, relevant, and limited to what

is necessary in relation to the specific purposes listed in this section. Personal data collected, used, or retained pursuant to

subsection (b) of this section shall, where applicable, take into account the nature and purpose or purposes of such

collection, use, or retention. Such data shall be subject to reasonable administrative, technical, and physical measures to

protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of the personal data and to reduce reasonably foreseeable risks of

harm to consumers relating to such collection, use, or retention of personal data.

(g) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the controller bears the burden

of demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption and complies with the requirements in subsection (f) of

this section.

(h) Processing personal data for the purposes expressly identified in this section shall not solely make a legal entity

a controller with respect to such processing.

§ 12D-111. Enforcement.

(a) The Department of Justice has enforcement authority over this chapter and may investigate and prosecute

violations of this chapter in accordance with the provisions of Subchapter II of Chapter 25 of Title 29.

(b) During the period beginning on [the effective date of this act], and ending on December 31, 2025, the

Department of Justice shall, prior to initiating any action for a violation of any provision of this chapter, issue a notice of

violation to the controller if the Department of Justice determines that a cure is possible. If the controller fails to cure such

violation within 60 days of receipt of the notice of violation, the Department of Justice may bring an enforcement

proceeding pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Beginning on January 1, 2026, the Department of Justice may, in determining whether to grant a controller or

processor the opportunity to cure an alleged violation of any provision of this chapter, the Department of Justice may

consider all of the following:

(1) The number of violations.

(2) The size and complexity of the controller or processor.

(3) The nature and extent of the controller's or processor's processing activities.

(4) The substantial likelihood of injury to the public.

(5) The safety of persons or property.

(6) Whether such alleged violation was likely caused by human or technical error.

(7) The extent to which the controller or processor has violated this or similar laws in the past.

(d) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as providing the basis for, or be subject to, a private right of action

for violations of said sections or any other law.

(e) A violation of this chapter shall be deemed an unlawful practice under § 2513 of Chapter 25 of this title and a

violation of Subchapter II of Chapter 25 of this title, and shall be enforced solely by the Department of Justice.

Section 2. Beginning at least 6 months prior to the effective date of this Act, the Department of Justice shall

engage in public outreach to educate consumers and the business community about the Act.

Section 3. If this Act is enacted before or on January 1, 2024, this Act takes effect on January 1, 2025. If this Act is

enacted after January 1, 2024, this Act takes effect on January 1, 2026.

Section 4. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the

invalidity does not affect any other provision or application of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid

provision or application; and, to that end, the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.

HD: NSW: MAW: 2141520118 LC: HVW: CBM: 5081520081